

AGENDA
HYDRONIC INFORMATION SESSION

October 10, 1993

1. Basics:
 - What is a BTU?
 - What is a ton of Refrigeration
 - $Q = \text{GPM} \times \text{temp diff} \times 500$
 - What is a foot of water in pressure
2. Pumps
 - How pumps operate
 - What determines a pump size
 - Pump curve and and pump speed
3. System water flow.
 - Friction loss
 - Control valves and effect on system
 - Direct return vs Reverse return
 - System pressure vs Flow
4. Expansion tanks, uses and location.
5. System air removal.
6. Make up water and system pressure.
7. Keeping the system clean. Proper chemical treatment.
8. Hot water converters. Use vacuum breakers. Size for 1 psi steam.
9. Gages, thermometers and valves.

TYPICAL EQUATIONS AND NUMBERS USED IN WATER SYSTEMS

1. Heat output: $Q = \text{GPM} \times \text{water temp diff} \times 500$
2. Ton of Refrigeration is the equivalent of melting one ton of ice from 32 deg ice to 32 deg water in a 24 hour time period.
$$2,000 \text{ lb} \times 144 \text{ BTU/lb} = 288,000 \text{ BTU/24 hours}$$
$$288,000 / 24 \text{ hrs} = 12,000 \text{ BTU/hour.}$$
3. Calculated Pump Horse Power:
$$\text{HP} = \text{GPM} \times \text{ft Head} \times .0002525 / \text{eff.}$$

eff varies from 60% to 85% above 5 hp pumps.
4. Calculated Fan Horse Power:
$$\text{HP} = \text{CFM} \times \text{static press ("H2O")} \times .000157 / \text{eff.}$$

eff varies from 55% to 75% above 5 hp fans.
5. Typical flow rates:

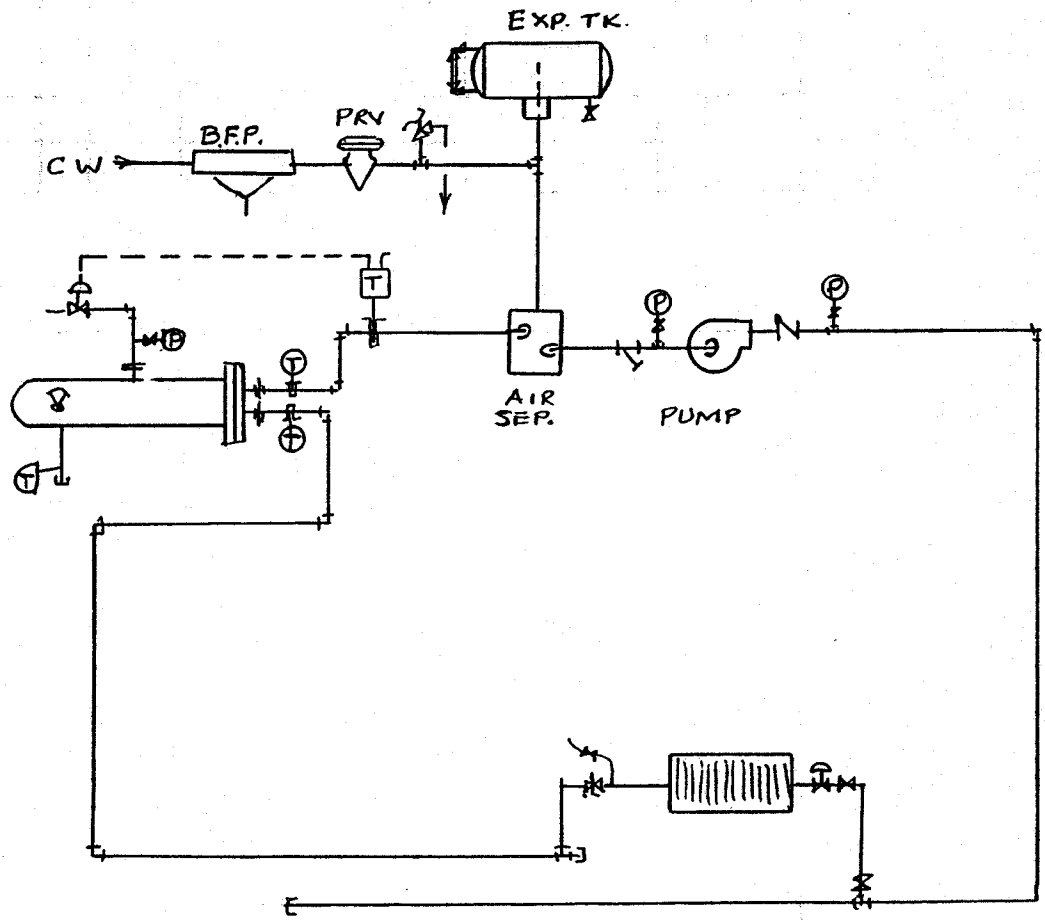
Chilled water	2.4 gpm/ton (10 deg rise)
Heating water	1.0 gpm/10,000 btu (20 deg drop)
Cooling tower	3.0 gpm/ton (10 deg drop)
6. 1 PSI = 2.31 feet water head
1 BTU = heat to raise 1# water 1 deg F.
7. Hospitals usually require approximately 1 ton of chiller capacity for every 275 square feet of building.
8. 1 therm = 100,000 btu
1 therm = 100 cu ft natural gas. = 1 ccf
1 # steam = 1000 btu
1 boiler HP = 33,600 btu/hr = 33.6 #/hr of steam
9. Air velocities thru coils:

Chilled water Coils	= 500 fpm (600 fpm is maximum)
Heating coils	= 650 fpm (750 fpm is maximum)
10. 1 HP = .75 KW/eff.
1 KW elect = 3,415 btu/hr.

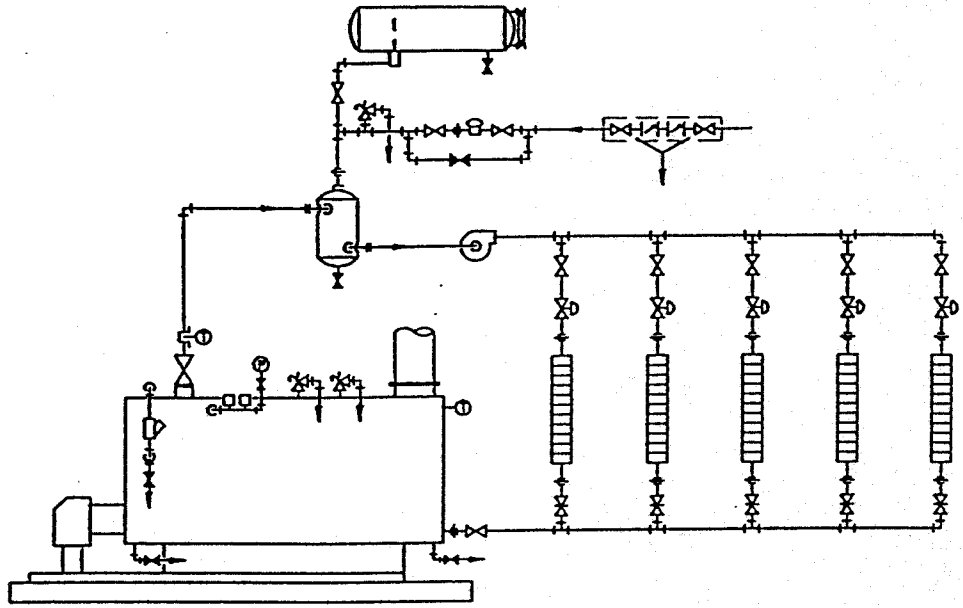


ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS

PROJECT BASIC HYDRONIC SYSTEM	DATE 10-14-93	BY SCW	PROJECT NO.
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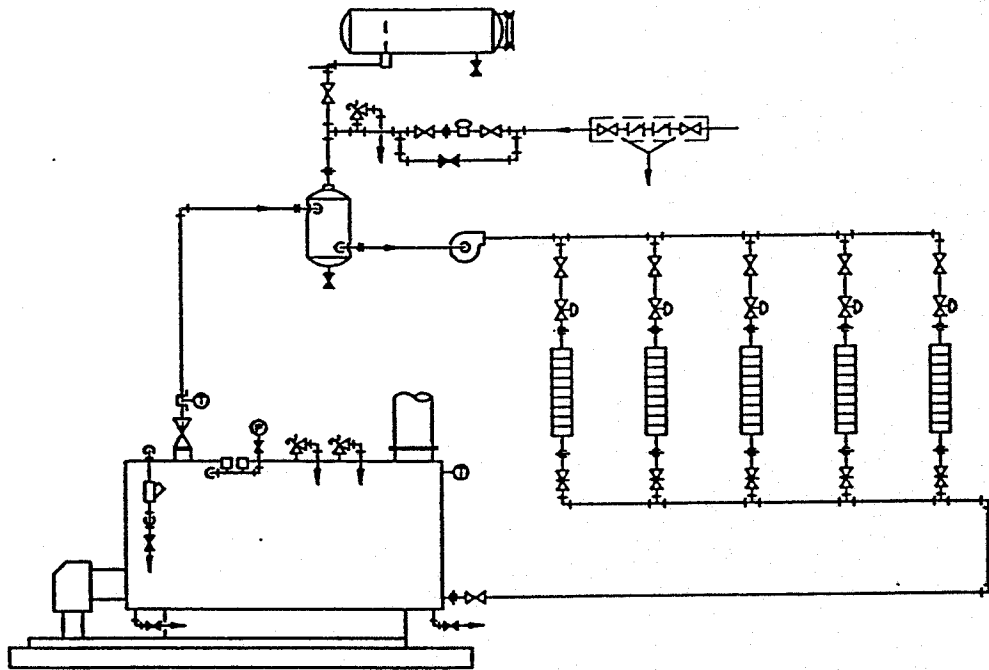


BASIC HYDRONIC SYSTEM



DIRECT RETURN

DIAGRAM 'A'



REVERSE RETURN

DIAGRAM 'B'



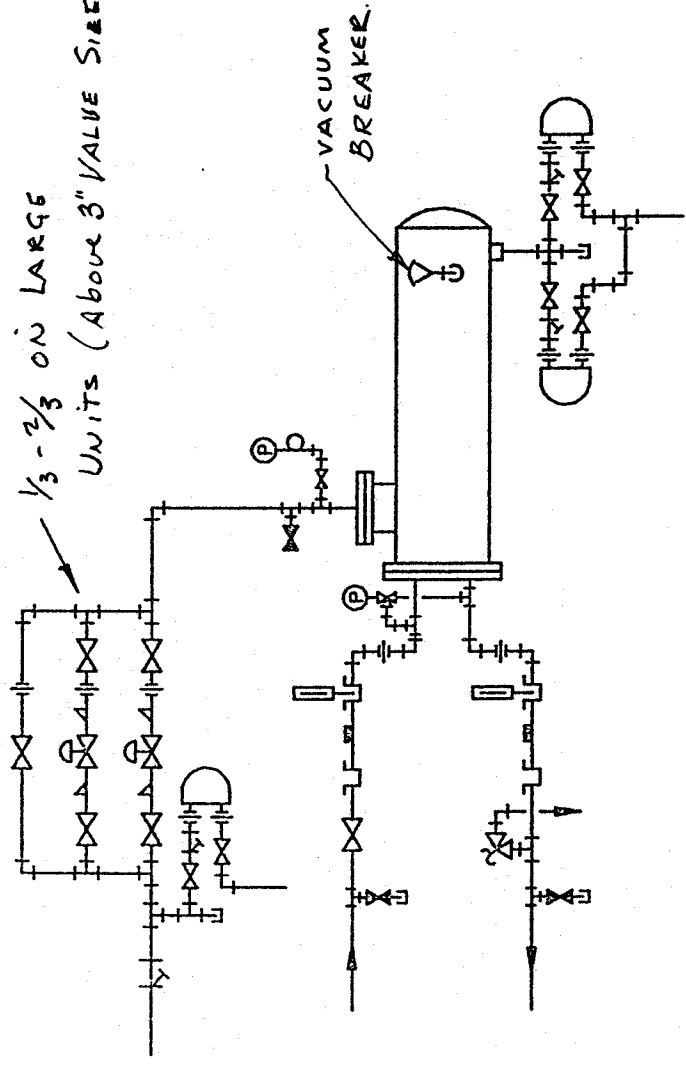
KJWW ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS

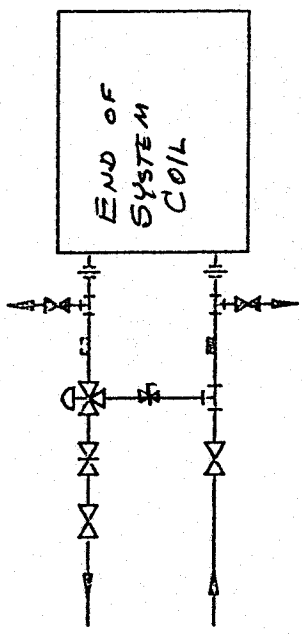
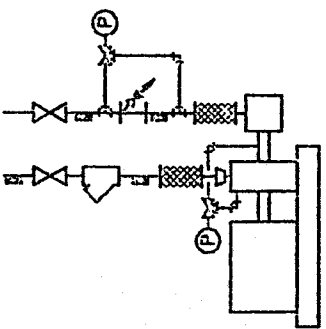
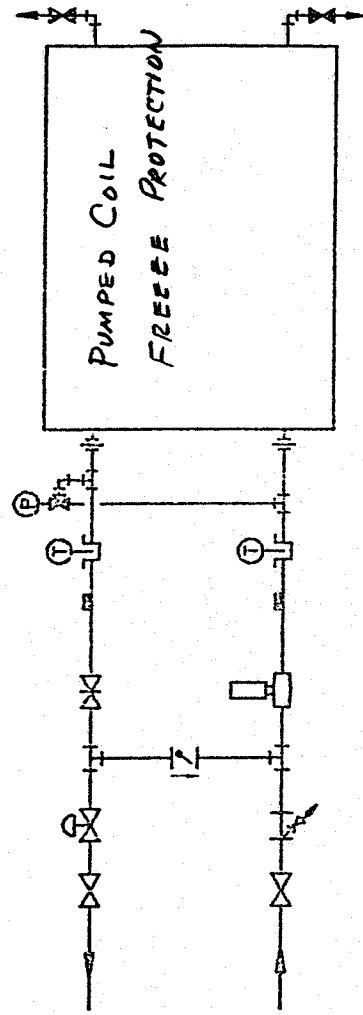
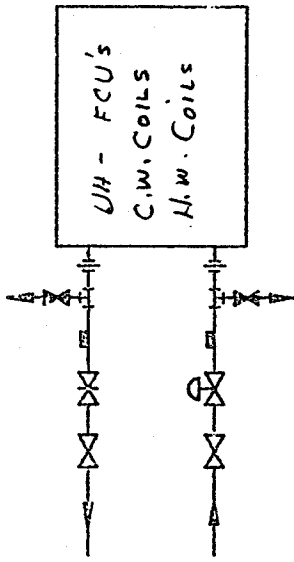
DIAGRAM 'A' AND 'B'

M-1

KJWW #91031 MMC (misc)

$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3}$ ON LARGE
UNITS (ABOUT 3" VALVE SIZE)



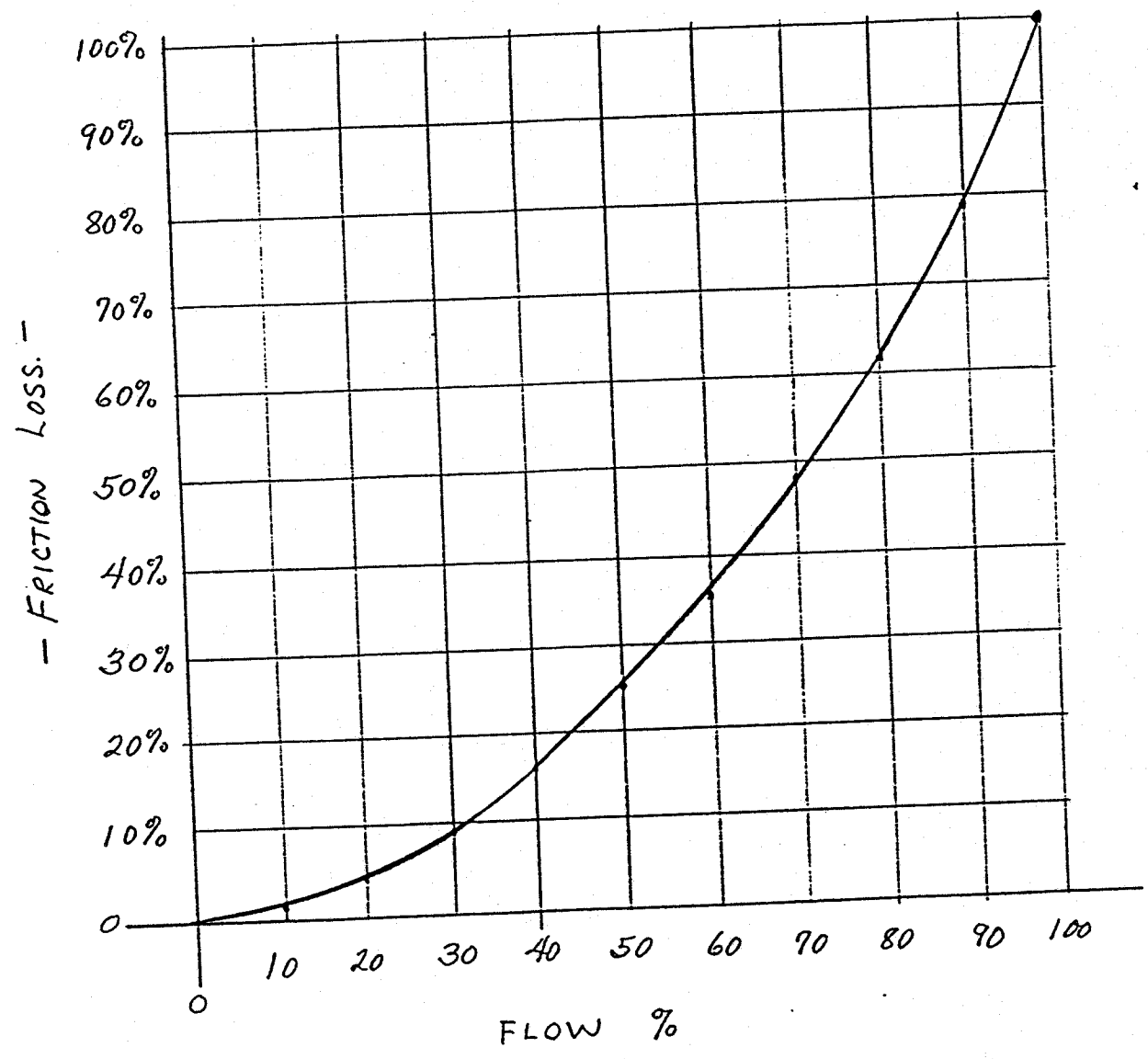




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PROJECT	DATE	BY	PROJECT NO.
TYPICAL SYSTEM FLOW	7-16-91	SCW	

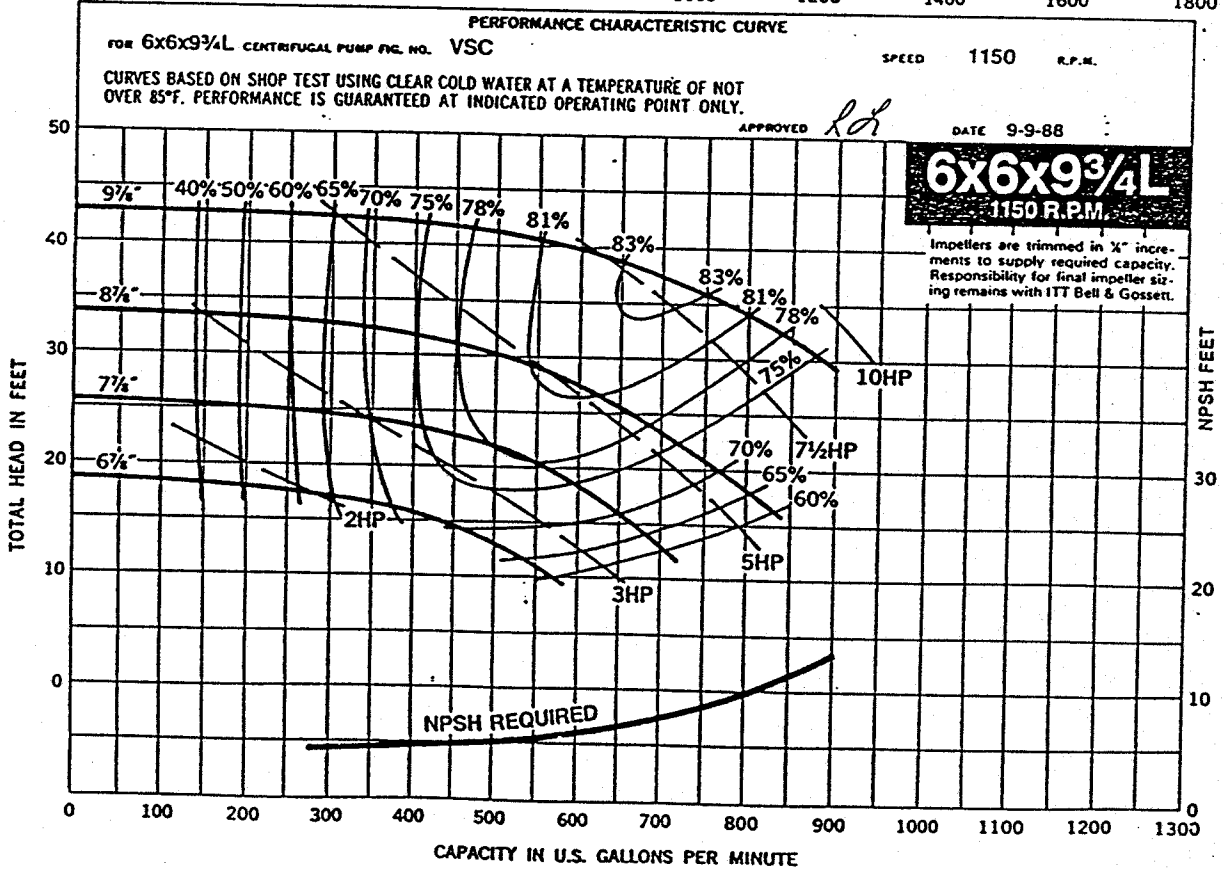
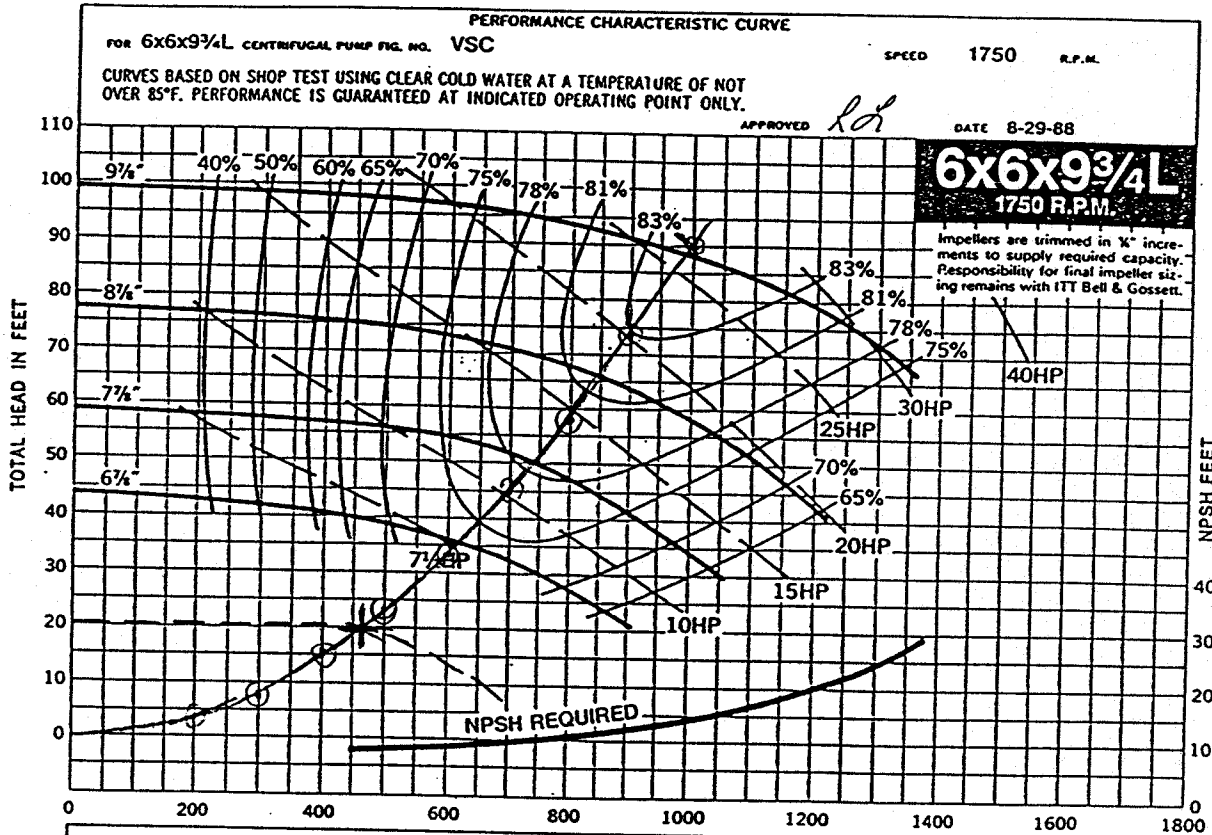
FRICTION LOSS IN SYSTEMS



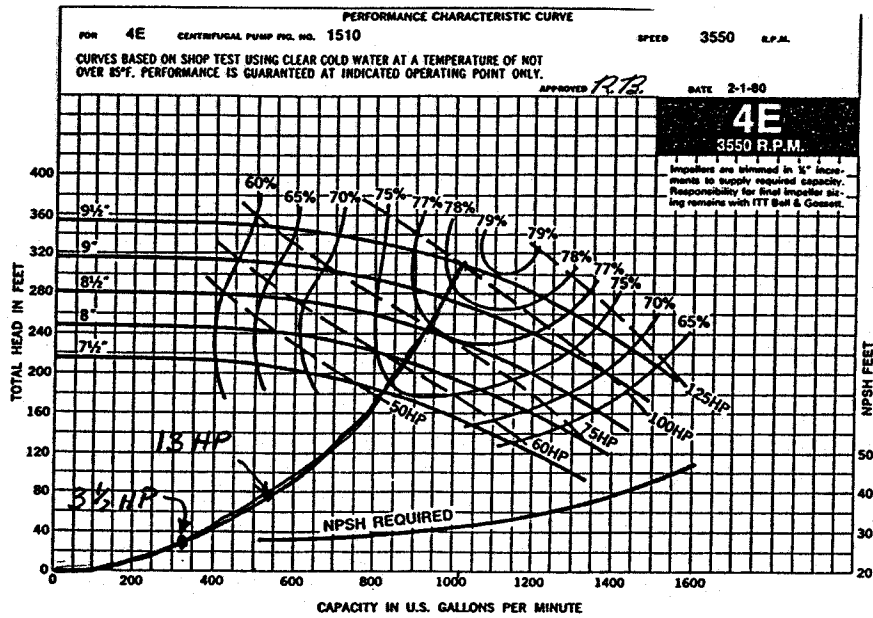
PRESSURE LOSS VS FLOW.

DIAGRAM C

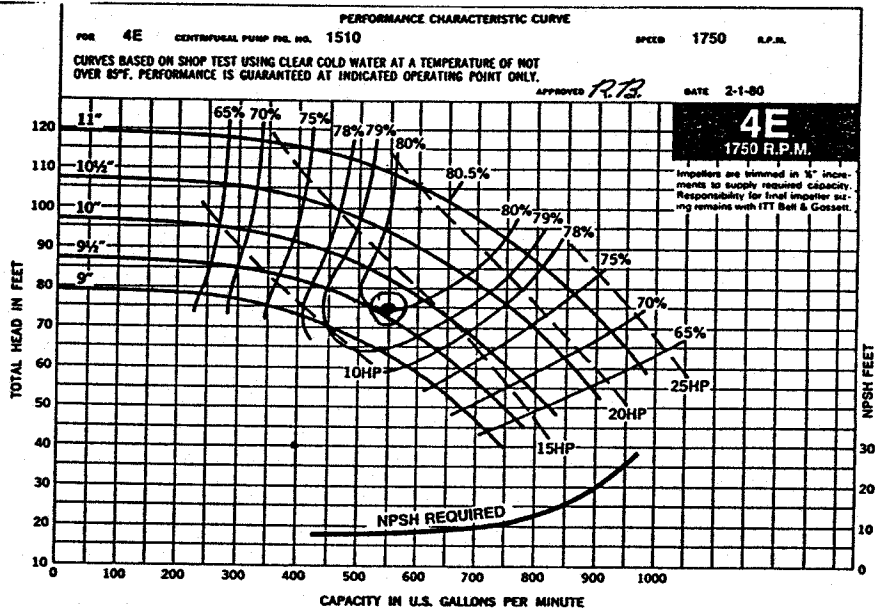
VSC CENTRIFUGAL PUMP PERFORMANCE CURVES



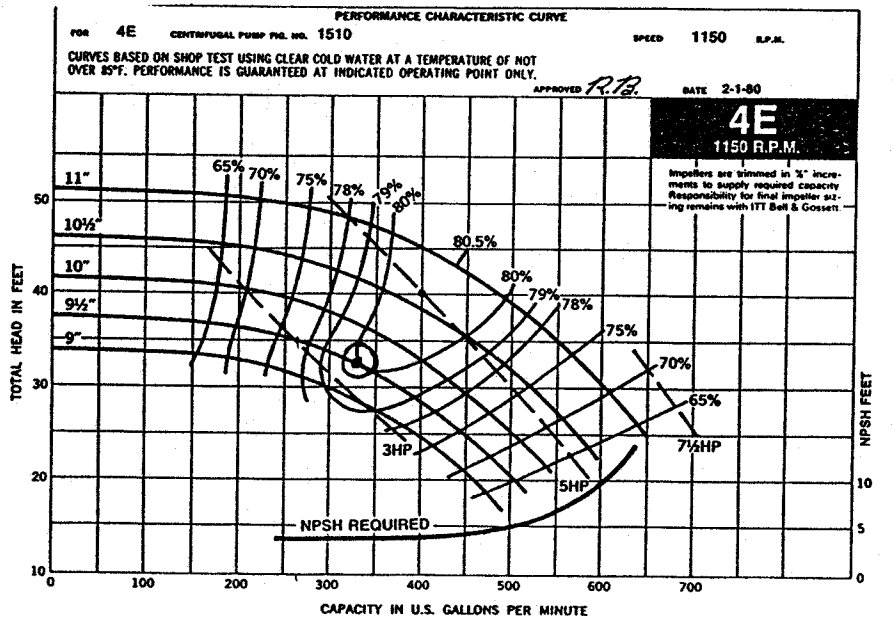
For further information, contact ITT Bell & Gossett, 8200 N. Austin Avenue, Morton Grove, IL 60053, Phone: (312) 966-3700 — Telex 4949943 — Facsimile (312) 966-9052.



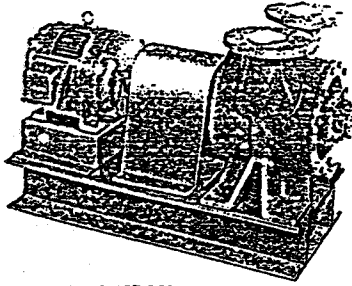
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Patent No. 3,457,869

6 x 6 x 9³/₄L
VSC® Centrifugal Pumps
 Base Mounted – Double Suction
 6" Discharge – 6" Suction

JOB _____	B & G REPRESENTATIVE _____
UNIT TAG NO. _____	ORDER NO. _____ DATE _____
ENGINEER _____	SUBMITTED BY _____ DATE _____
CONTRACTOR _____	APPROVED BY _____ DATE _____

SPECIFICATIONS

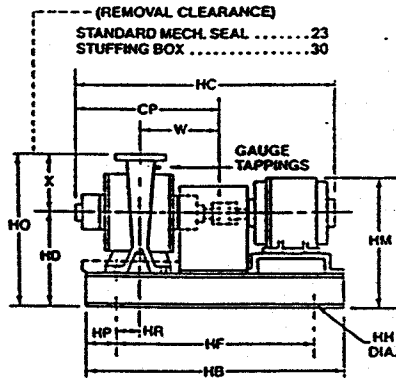
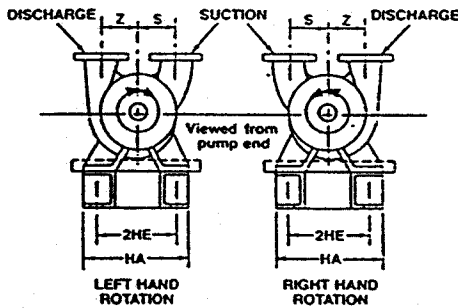
MOTOR ENCL. _____

_____ GPM _____ FT. SPEC. CONSTR. _____

MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION: _____

BRONZE FITTED _____ VOLTS _____ CY _____ PH. APPROXIMATE WEIGHT _____ LBS.

ELECTRICAL DATA: _____ HP



TYPE OF SEAL

- VSC, Standard Seal (Crane Type 2, Carbon/Ceramic)
 - VSC-F, Standard Seal with flush line
 - VSC-S, Stuffing Box Construction with Flushed Single Mechanical Seal (Durametallic RO, Carbon/Tungsten Carbide)
 - VSC-D, Stuffing Box Construction with Flushed Double Mechanical Seal (Durametallic CRO, Carbon/Ceramic) Requires external fresh water source
 - VSC-PF, Stuffing Box Construction with Packing
- WORKING PRESSURE**
- Standard Seal 175 psi W.P. with 125# ANSI flange drilling
 - Standard Seal, 300 psi W.P. with 250# ANSI flange drilling (Note: Suction Pressure must not exceed 160 psi)
 - Flushed Single Seal 300# W.P. with 250# ANSI flange drilling

RIGHT HAND ROTATION IS FURNISHED UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.

6" flange 12¹/₂" O.D. - 1¹/₄" thick.

STANDARD SEAL VSC & VSC-F

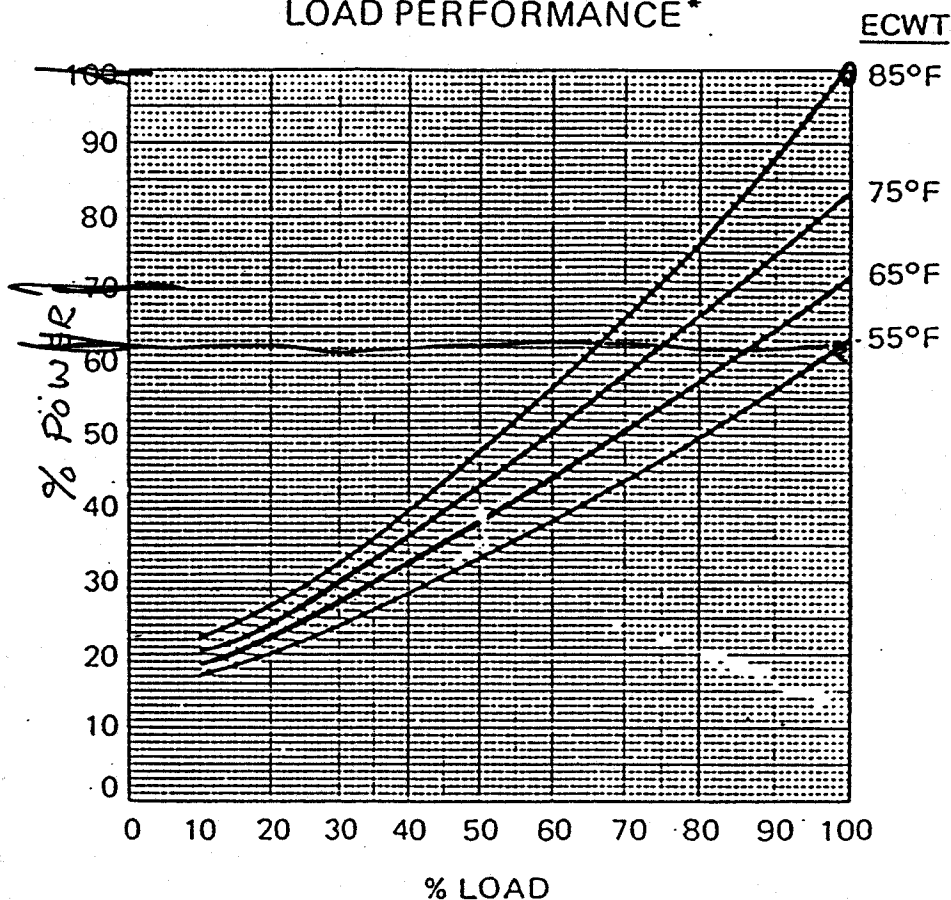
PUMP SIZE	MOTOR FRAME	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)															
		CP	HA	HB	HC MAX.	HD	2HE	HF	HH	HM MAX.	HO	HP	HR	S	W	X	Z
6x6x9 ³ / ₄ L	213T	22 ³ / ₄	26	53 ³ / ₄	46 ³ / ₄	15 ¹ / ₂	23 ¹ / ₂	41 ¹ / ₄	1	21 ¹ / ₄	27	6	3	8	13 ¹ / ₂	11 ¹ / ₂	8
	215T				48 ³ / ₄					21 ¹ / ₄							
	254T				51 ¹ / ₄					22 ³ / ₄							
	256T				53 ¹ / ₄												
	284T				54 ³ / ₄												
	286T				55 ¹ / ₄												
324T	58	24 ³ / ₄															

STUFFING BOX VSC-PF, VSC-S & VSC-D

PUMP SIZE	MOTOR FRAME	DIMENSIONS (INCHES)															
		CP	HA	HB	HC MAX.	HD	2HE	HF	HH	HM MAX.	HO	HP	HR	S	W	X	Z
6x6x9 ³ / ₄ L	213T	30 ³ / ₄	26	53 ³ / ₄	54 ³ / ₄	15 ¹ / ₂	23 ¹ / ₂	41 ¹ / ₄	1	21 ¹ / ₄	27	6	3	8	17 ¹ / ₄	11 ¹ / ₂	8
	215T				55 ¹ / ₄					21 ¹ / ₄							
	254T				59 ¹ / ₄					22 ³ / ₄							
	256T				61 ¹ / ₄												
	284T				62												
	286T				63 ¹ / ₄												
324T	65 ³ / ₄	24 ³ / ₄															

Not to be used for construction purposes unless certified.

LOAD PERFORMANCE*



*Based on 2.4 GPM/Ton of 44°F leaving chilled water temperature; 3 GPM/Ton of condenser water; 0.0005 FF on both circuits.;

1. A typical 600 ton centrifugal chiller uses approx 0.70 KW per ton of refrigeration at design conditions. (85 deg condenser water).
2. 600 tons x 0.7 = 420 KW. or @ \$.06/KWH = \$25.20/hour. 1000 hours costs \$25,200.
3. Using 75 deg tower water lowers KW/ton to 83% for a savings of 17% or \$4,248/1000 hours.
4. Using 65 deg tower water will save 28% or \$7,056/1000 hrs.
5. Demand savings will be approx \$14.40 per KW.
6. Look at partial loading, and remember the tower and pumps involved which are not a part of the above KW/ton figures.

DIAGRAM E